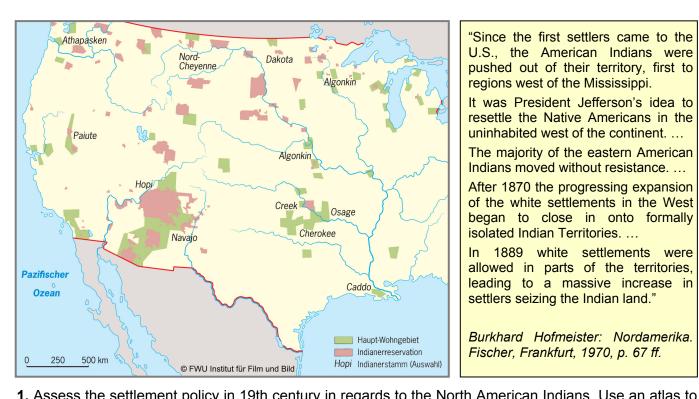
Name:

Klasse:

USA - Indian Reservations



"Since the first settlers came to the U.S., the American Indians were pushed out of their territory, first to regions west of the Mississippi.

It was President Jefferson's idea to resettle the Native Americans in the uninhabited west of the continent. ...

The majority of the eastern American Indians moved without resistance. ...

After 1870 the progressing expansion of the white settlements in the West began to close in onto formally isolated Indian Territories. ...

In 1889 white settlements were allowed in parts of the territories, leading to a massive increase in settlers seizing the Indian land."

Burkhard Hofmeister: Nordamerika. Fischer, Frankfurt, 1970, p. 67 ff.

take the natural conditions of the reservations into account.						

Name: Klasse:





Trailer in a reservation

Sioux selling his self-made jewellery

2. Summarize briefly how the Sioux in the film "USA: Fr looks at life on the reservation.	om the Rocky Mountains to the Pacific Ocean

Native Americans Today

During the 20th century the number of Native Americans in the USA has increased significantly. ... About one third of the Indian tribes live on reservations, about half in cities, which are usually close to reservations. The more than 250 reservations cover about 23 million acres of land.

The indigenous people living on reservations receive **governmental support** to some extent. Nonetheless many live in poverty. There are hardly any job opportunities in reservations. Alcoholism is not uncommon. Despite the bleak situation, many North American Natives support the life in the reservations. They see is as the only chance to preserve the remainders of their culture or even revive it.

 $(\hbox{As per: www.wissen.de/thema/indianer-nordamerika-indianerreservate?} chunk = \hbox{heutige-situation-der-indianer})$